Early Learning in West Virginia

By Jessica Troe    July 2016

West Virginia families need access to affordable child care and preschool to support working parents and to ensure that children start kindergarten ready to learn. During the first five years of life, children learn critical skills such as language and socio-emotional regulation, which provide a foundation for lifelong learning. High-quality preschool and child care can support healthy development and enable parents to work. Unfortunately, too many children are left behind by the status quo. In fact, differences in children’s cognitive abilities by income are evident at only 9 months old and significantly widen by the time children are age 2. Early learning has positive impacts for children, families, and the economy. It’s time to work to put these programs within reach.

West Virginia families need access to high-quality child care and preschool

West Virginia has 126,488 children under age 6, 57 percent of whom have all available parents in the workforce.

High-quality child care and preschool programs help narrow school readiness gaps, which is particularly important for children of color and those living in low-income families.

The cost of child care is out of reach for families

Annual costs at a child care center in West Virginia average $13,739 for an infant and a 4-year-old, which is 26 percent of the median income for families with children.

For low-income families and people of color, the average cost of child care would constitute the majority of income in most cases.

The current child care system is failing West Virginia families

On average, the Child Care and Development Block Grant, or CCDBG, serves only 12 percent of federally eligible children in West Virginia. This results in only 7,700 West Virginia children served through CCDBG funds. Of those served, 65 percent attend licensed or regulated center-based care.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Share of children younger than age 6 living in low-income households</th>
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<tr>
<td>Children living in low-income families</td>
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<th>Race and ethnicity of children younger than age 5**</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
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<tr>
<td>African American</td>
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<tr>
<td>Latino</td>
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<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
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<td>American Indian and Alaska Native</td>
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<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander</td>
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<td>Two or more races</td>
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12 percent of West Virginia’s children under age 5 are children of color.
West Virginia families need greater access to high-quality preschool programs

The West Virginia Universal Pre-K System provides preschool to all 4-year-olds; additionally, 3-year-olds with special needs may attend this program. Half of these programs are required to collaborate with Head Start agencies, private preschool programs, and child care centers. This preschool program meets 10 quality benchmarks set by the National Institute for Early Education Research and spends $6,865 annually per student.

In West Virginia, 21 percent of 3-year-olds and 94 percent of 4-year-olds are enrolled in a public preschool program.

Investing in high-quality early learning programs affects economies

Making child care more affordable for families can increase mothers’ workforce participation, resulting in a boost to the state’s economy.

In West Virginia, if child care costs did not exceed more than 10 percent of a family’s income, the state’s economy would increase nearly $7.87 million.

We can do better for West Virginia families

The Center for American Progress proposes two solutions to put high-quality child care and preschool within reach for West Virginia families and create an early childhood learning continuum for children:

• A new High-Quality Child Care Tax Credit would help families afford high-quality care for their children. This tax credit would benefit an estimated 32,100 children in West Virginia and save families an average of $4,600 per year on child care costs.

• Voluntary universal preschool for all 3- and 4-year-olds. This would increase access for 25,500 children in West Virginia.

Jessica Troe is the Policy and Outreach Coordinator for the Early Childhood Policy team at the Center for American Progress.

*Correction, July 19, 2017: This fact sheet has been updated to clarify that the second pie chart refers to state-specific data.


16. Ibid.


18. Ibid.


