Head Start helps fill a critical void in early childhood education and service delivery in Georgia’s rural communities. This fact sheet examines the scope of services that the Head Start program provides to Georgia children and families, and highlights the key role that Head Start plays in the state’s supply of quality child care.

Child poverty in Georgia’s rural counties
Rural children in Georgia are facing significant and persistent poverty. Forty percent of rural Georgia children under the age of 5 live in poverty, compared with 27 percent of children living in metropolitan areas. In Georgia, there are 59 rural persistent child poverty counties, where the child poverty rate has been greater than 20 percent since 1980.¹

Family supports in rural counties
At the same time, access to many of the services that help combat child poverty—such as quality child care and health care—is very limited, particularly for low-income rural families in Georgia. Sixty-one percent of rural families live in a child care desert, where the supply of licensed child care does not meet demand.² Ninety-nine percent of rural counties in Georgia are designated as a Health Service Professional Shortage Area, where there is a shortage of primary care, dental, or mental health providers.

Head Start in Georgia
• Across rural Georgia, Head Start operates 292 classrooms in 119 centers.
• Head Start funds enrollment for 26,122 children, 28 percent of whom attend rural programs.
• Head Start employs 6,232 staff, 28 percent of whom work in rural programs.

Head Start as a proportion of Georgia’s child care centers
Head Start plays an outsized role in filling Georgia’s rural child care shortage. In Georgia, Head Start makes up more than one-quarter of the center-based child care programs in rural counties and nearly half of the center-based programs in frontier counties.³ In contrast, Head Start represents just 11 percent of center-based programs in metropolitan areas.
Head Start health and education service delivery

Head Start delivers health and education services to rural children who may not otherwise have access and makes significant progress in connecting children to these services over the school year.

Head Start provides critical family services to Georgia families

Among families enrolled in Head Start, 57 percent of rural families and 63 percent of metropolitan families in Georgia received some type of family service through Head Start. This includes services such as parenting education, health education, job training, and substance abuse prevention.