



# Who Are Indian Americans?

April 2015

	Indian American average	Asian American average	U.S. average
<b>National population<sup>1</sup></b>			
U.S. residents, 2013	3.4 million	19.2 million	316 million
Population growth, 2010–2013	7 percent	10.9 percent	2.4 percent
Population growth, 2000–2013	79 percent	62 percent	12 percent
<b>Top states of residence<sup>2</sup></b>			
California	675,041	6,161,975	38,332,521
New York	373,978	1,737,271	19,651,127
New Jersey	357,157	875,686	8,899,339
Texas	312,804	1,282,731	26,448,193
Illinois	213,269	736,468	12,882,135
<b>Total population in these states</b>	<b>1,932,249</b>	<b>10,794,131</b>	<b>106,213,315</b>
<b>Educational attainment<sup>3</sup></b>			
Less than a high school degree	9 percent	14 percent	13.4 percent
High school degree or equivalent	9 percent	16 percent	28 percent
Bachelor's degree or higher	72 percent	49 percent	29.6 percent
<b>Income and poverty<sup>4</sup></b>			
Median 12-month household income	\$95,000	\$71,709	\$53,046
Share in poverty overall	8.5 percent	12.8 percent	15.7 percent
Share of children in poverty	23 percent	13.6 percent	22.2 percent
Share of seniors in poverty	6 percent	13.5 percent	9.3 percent

The Indian American population grew significantly faster than the U.S. average between 2000 and 2013, and Indian Americans are much more likely to be first-generation immigrants than the U.S. average.

	Indian American average	Asian American average	U.S. average
<b>Civic participation<sup>5</sup></b>			
Turnout among registered voters in 2012	88 percent	79 percent	87 percent
Vote in 2012 (percent Obama/Romney)	84/16	68/31	51/47
Party identification (percent Democrat/Republican/neither)	50/3/47	33/14/53	24/32/38
<b>Language diversity<sup>6</sup></b>			
Speak language other than English at home	80 percent	77/70 percent*	21 percent
Limited English proficiency, or LEP	22 percent	35/32 percent*	8.5 percent
Share of linguistically isolated households	10 percent	17 percent	5 percent
Most common languages: Hindi, spoken by 638,307 people; Urdu, spoken by 377,153 people; and Gujarati, spoken by 368,925 people			
<b>Immigration and nativity<sup>7</sup></b>			
Share who are foreign born	72 percent	66 percent	15 percent
Share who are U.S. citizens	62 percent	75 percent	93 percent
Number of naturalizations, 2013	49,897	275,700	779,929
Number of legal permanent residents, 2013	68,458	400,548	990,553
<b>Labor force<sup>8</sup></b>			
Labor-force participation rate	68 percent	64.6 percent	63.4 percent
Unemployment rate, 2013	4.6 percent	5.2 percent	7.4 percent
Median duration of unemployment, 2013	16 weeks	20 weeks**	17 weeks
<b>Health insurance<sup>9</sup></b>			
Share without health insurance	12 percent	14.6 percent	14.5 percent
Share with private health insurance	79 percent	69 percent	64 percent

\* Asian alone/Asian alone or in combination: The "Asian alone" category represents respondents who identified Asian as being their only race. The "Asian alone or in combination" category represents respondents who identified as being Asian along with at least one other race.

\*\* This value is representative of Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders, or AAPIs, because a separate "Asian alone" racial category was not included in the source.

## Endnotes

1 Bureau of the Census, *2013 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates* (U.S. Department of Commerce, 2013), tables B20018 and B02001; Bureau of the Census, *2000 Census Summary File 1* (U.S. Department of Commerce, 2001), table PCT007; Bureau of the Census, *2010 Census Summary File 1* (U.S. Department of Commerce, 2011), table PCT7.

2 Bureau of the Census, *2013 ACS 1-Year Estimates*, tables B20018, B02001, and B01003.

3 Karthick Ramakrishnan and Farah Z. Ahmad, "State of Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders: Education" (Washington: Center for American Progress, 2014), available at <https://cdn.americanprogress.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/04/AAP-IEducation.pdf>; Bureau of the Census, *2013 ACS 1-Year Estimates*, table S0201.

4 The share in poverty overall for Indian Americans is the aggregate poverty rate from the years 2006–2010. For the Asian American and the U.S. averages, it is the aggregate poverty rate from the years 2010–2012. Karthick Ramakrishnan and Farah Z. Ahmad, "State of Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders: Income and Poverty" (Washington: Center for American Progress, 2014), available at <https://cdn.americanprogress.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/08/AAP-IPoverty.pdf>; Josh Ishimatsu, "Spotlight on Asian American and Pacific Islander Poverty: A Demographic Profile" (Washington: National Coalition for Asian Pacific American Community Development, 2013), available at [http://nationalcapacd.org/sites/default/files/u12/aapi\\_poverty\\_report-web\\_compressed.pdf](http://nationalcapacd.org/sites/default/files/u12/aapi_poverty_report-web_compressed.pdf).

5 Asian American Justice Center, Asian and Pacific Islander American Vote, and National Asian American Survey, "Behind the Numbers: Post-Election Survey of Asian American and Pacific Islander Voters in 2012" (2013), available at <http://www.naasurvey.com/resources/Presentations/2012-aapipes-national.pdf>; Karthick Ramakrishnan and Taeku Lee, "Public Opinion Of a Growing Electorate: Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders in 2012" (Riverside, CA: National Asian American Survey, 2012), available at <http://www.naasurvey.com/resources/Home/NAAS12-sep25-election.pdf>; CAP analysis of Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Survey, Voter Supplement 2012, Analysis of Public Use Microdata Sample Data American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates* (U.S. Department of Commerce, 2012), available at [http://www.census.gov/acs/www/data\\_documentation/pums\\_data/](http://www.census.gov/acs/www/data_documentation/pums_data/); Federal Election Commission, "Official Election Results for United States President" (2012), available at <http://www.fec.gov/pubrec/fe2012/2012pres.pdf>.

6 Bureau of the Census, *Analysis of PUMS Data ACS 5-Year Estimates*; Karthick Ramakrishnan and Farah Z. Ahmad, "State of Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders: Language Diversity and English Proficiency" (Washington: Center for American Progress, 2014), available at <https://cdn.americanprogress.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/07/AAP-ILanguageAccess.pdf>; Bureau of the Census, *2013 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates*, table S0201.

7 Karthick Ramakrishnan and Farah Z. Ahmad, "State of Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders: Immigration" (Washington: Center for American Progress, 2014), available at <https://cdn.americanprogress.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/04/AAP-Immigration1.pdf>; Bureau of the Census, *Analysis of PUMS Data ACS 5-Year Estimates*; Office of Immigration Statistics, *Persons Naturalized by Region and Country of Birth: Fiscal Years 2004 to 2013* (U.S. Department of Homeland Security, 2013), table 21, available at <http://www.dhs.gov/publication/yearbook-immigration-statistics-2013-naturalizations>.

8 U.S. Department of Labor, *The Economic Status of Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders in the Wake of the Great Recession* (2014), available at <http://www.dol.gov/sec/media/reports/20140828-AAP.pdf>; Karthick Ramakrishnan and Farah Z. Ahmad, "State of Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders: Labor-Market Outcomes" (Washington: Center for American Progress, 2014), available at <https://cdn.americanprogress.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/04/AAP-LaborMkt.pdf>; Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey: Unemployed total and full-time workers by duration of unemployment," available at <http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat30.htm> (last accessed March 2015).

9 CAP analysis of Bureau of the Census, *PUMS Data ACS 5-Year Estimates*; Bureau of the Census, *2013 ACS 1-Year Estimates*, tables B27001D and S2701.